

TO:

Mayor and Council

FROM:

Greg Guernsey, Director

Neighborhood Planning and Zoning Department

DATE:

May 1, 2007

RE:

Design Commission Density Bonus Task Force Interim Report

The Austin City Council approved Resolution No. 20060928-072 on September 28, 2006, directing the Austin Design Commission to prepare recommendations for Density Bonus options that would allow greater density in downtown areas in exchange for the amenities that provide public benefits. The Design Commission's Density Bonus Task Force has now completed its interim report, which is attached. Also attached are two documents about the Task Force's findings on the use of density bonuses in Portland, Oregon, which informed the Task Force's interim report.

The interim report addresses the following three issues: 1) Fundamental Recommendations to Accommodate Increased Density, 2) Urban Development Incentives, and 3) Implementation.

If you have questions or comments about these recommendations, please contact Eleanor McKinney, the chair of the Design Commission, at ehmla@swbell.net / 512.445.5202, or you may contact me at (512) 974-2387.

Greg Guernsey, Director Neighborhood Planning and Zoning Department

c: Toby Hammett Futrell, City Manager

Laura J. Huffman, Assistant City Manager

George Adams, Assistant Director, Neighborhood Planning and Zoning

Attachments

DESIGN COMMISSION DENSITY BONUS TASK FORCE Interim Recommendations Introduction Summer 2007

For many years, and particularly over the last 24 months, the City of Austin has used development incentives to encourage developers to provide amenities, design features and materials, specific building materials, etc., but this process has been primarily on a one-to-one basis with the developer. Significant projects seeking greater density, greater height and up-zoning have offered substantial community benefits in order to garner buy-in from citizens and gain approval from public officials. The process has evolved in an ad hoc and somewhat political fashion with each zoning case taking on a life of its own. Historically, negotiations with various interest groups have been used to gain support prior to public hearings with each case having its own peculiar outcome.

In an effort to level the playing field, make the process more predictable and equitable, and have it actually achieve benefits consistent with community values and goals, some cities have formalized a Density Bonus process. In a Density Bonus process entitlements are granted in accordance with a formalized menu of benefits, determined by the city, to be potentially provided by developers in exchange for increased entitlements.

In September 2006, the Austin City Council charged the Density Bonus Task Force (DBTF) of the Design Commission to prepare recommendations for Density Bonus options that would allow greater density in downtown areas in exchange for amenities that provide public benefit. Since then, the DBTF has been investigating the ways other cities use urban planning and design strategies for Density Bonuses and other strategies to achieve livable cities. The DBTF has studied the use of such policies and codes in Portland, Oregon; Vancouver, B.C.; Seattle, Washington; San Diego, California, and Boston, Massachusetts.

After researching the use of Density Bonus options in these other cities, the DBTF has confirmed that Density Bonuses are one of several development incentives that can be used to shape the growth of a city to match community values and goals. Therefore, it is the intent of the DBTF to offer interim recommendations about the best mechanisms to achieve each of the various community goals. The DBTF sees these recommendations working in tandem with the emerging Downtown Master Plan and other existing and emerging planning efforts. Also, the DBTF proposes that these recommendations be not only for downtown, but also for all density nodes in the city (TODs, Transit Corridors, Village Centers, Activity Centers, Town Centers, etc.).

The Design Commission has made some broad interim recommendations, and we are now reaching out to City Boards and Commissions to gather feedback regarding our previously made interim recommendations, and to solicit additional ideas and input before we make our final recommendations to Council. The following is an expanded version of our interim recommendations, preceded by two general questions, and with space provided for specific comments. Also attached are the letter and interim recommendations sent to Council on May 1, 2007.

DESIGN COMMISSION DENSITY BONUS TASK FORCE Interim Recommendations Feedback Form Summer 2007 Submitted by (Board or Commission name): _______

General Feedback

- 1. Would your board or commission support the use of urban development incentives (including density bonuses, transfer of development rights, etc.) as means to achieve community values and goals?
- 2. Has your board or commission previously developed recommendations on urban development incentives? If so, please describe or attach.

Specific Recommendations for Changes

Which, if any, of the development incentives listed in the Density Bonus Task Force interim recommendations are appropriate to achieve the goals of your commission? Please use the following expanded version of the Design Commission Recommendations as an outline for your response. Please note specific questions, changes or additions to the recommendations on the recommendation pages themselves, or attach additional sheets, if necessary.

DESIGN COMMISSION DENSITY BONUS TASK FORCE Interim Recommendations Feedback Form Summer 2007

Fundamental Recommendations to Accommodate Increased Density

In order to support the density that is desired, we recommend that the city employ four basic tool

Is in redevelopment:
1. Coordinate Transit Planning and Implementation with Capital Metro to address increased density. Utilize fixed rail transit as a tool to guide density.
2. Employ Systems Development Charges (SDCs) to cover additional basic services required by new development, e.g. Parkland Dedication fees, infrastructure and environmental services fees, etc. To the extent that fees in lieu of, like Parkland Dedication and affordable housing fees, can be paid at the end of projects it will be more palatable to developers and meet with less resistance. To the extent practicable, these fees could be paid at or near the time of Certificate of Occupancy stage rather than at the Site Planning stage.
3. Institute a digital 3-D modeling program, maintained by the city, into which proposed new developments can be inserted for public review.
4. Provide increase in F.A.R. as a Density Bonus in exchange for development consistent with Community values and goals.
A. Leave the existing F.A.R.s in the City as they are, and only grant additional F.A.R. as a development incentive tied to achieving identified community goals for the area or district in which the project exists.

		.R. to include above ground structured parking unless wrapped with occupied for the purpose of enlivening the street wall.
	C. Con comm	sider exempting from F.A.R. calculations square footage which embodies unity values, e.g. historic preservation, spaces for non-profits and cultural facilities.
	D. Rev protec edges.	view heights in relationship to urban core density, protection of public views, tion and creation of open space, historic preservation, and buffering neighborhood
Implementi	ing A D	ensity Bonus Process
and Goo Districts specific	als for I s with c values	owntown Master Plan with input from stakeholders. Determine the overall Values Downtown as the basis for plan proposals. Define downtown by recognizable formmon challenges and opportunities. Work within the districts to determine their and goals. Develop a master plan for each district. Utilize the best mechanisms to rticular goals for each distinct district.
		v Bonus (DB) Program termine a baseline for participation in the DB program. The baseline would include: Compliance with the Downtown Design Guidelines (currently being updated)
	•	Implementation of Great Streets on street frontages adjacent to property
1	prograr the folk	ermine and prioritize the goals of a particular district and use the Density Bonus in to achieve those goals. Density Bonus options that we have reviewed include owing: Affordable and Workforce Housing
	•	Open Space and Connectivity

 Sustainability Civic Art and Cultural Facilities Historic Preservation Sound Mitigation 2. Transfer of Development Rights (TDRs) A. Determine the goals of a particular district and use TDRs to achieve those goals. TDRs that we have reviewed include the following: Generation of Open Space Historic Preservation Saving of valuable community features Expand the use of Master Developer Agreements (MDAs) to achieve district goals such as open space, streetscape amenities, affordable housing, density requirements, Density Bonus options, etc. In return, the City would commit to financial assistance or infrastructure. MDAs would set out timelines for provisions.

Design Commission Density Bonus Task Force Interim Recommendations

4.23.07

Introduction

After researching the use of Density Bonus options in other cities, we have confirmed that Density Bonuses are one of several development incentives that can be used to shape the growth of a city to match community values and goals. Therefore, it is our intent to offer interim recommendations about the best mechanisms to achieve each of the various community goals. We see these recommendations working in tandem with the emerging Downtown Master Plan and other existing and emerging planning efforts. Also, we propose that these recommendations be not only for downtown, but also for all density nodes in the city (TODs, Transit Corridors, Village Centers, Activity Centers, Town Centers, etc.)

Fundamental Recommendations to Accommodate Increased Density

In order to support the density that is desired, we recommend that the city employ four basic tools in redevelopment:

- 1. Coordinate Transit Planning and Implementation with Capital Metro to address increased density. Utilize fixed rail transit as a tool to guide density.
- 2. Employ Systems Development Charges (SDCs) to cover additional basic services required by new development, e.g. Parkland Dedication fees, infrastructure and environmental services fees, etc.
- 3. Institute a digital 3-D modeling program, maintained by the city, into which proposed new developments can be inserted for public review.

4. F.A.R. and Heights

- A. Leave the existing F.A.R.s in the City as they are, and only grant additional F.A.R. as a development incentive tied to achieving identified community goals for the area or district in which the project exists.
- B. F.A.R. to include above ground structured parking unless wrapped with occupied space for the purpose of enlivening the street wall.
- C. Exempt from F.A.R. calculations square footage which embodies community values, e.g. historic preservation, spaces for non-profits and cultural facilities.
- D. Review heights in relationship to urban core density, protection of views, protection and creation of open space, historic preservation, and buffering neighborhood edges.

Urban Development Incentives

Develop the Downtown Master Plan with input from stakeholders. Determine the overall Values and Goals for Downtown as the basis for plan proposals. Define downtown by recognizable Districts with common challenges and opportunities. Work within the districts to determine their specific values and goals. Develop a master plan for each district. Utilize the best mechanisms to achieve the goals.

- 1. Density Bonus (DB) Program
 - A. Determine a baseline for participation in the DB program. The baseline would include:
 - Compliance with the Downtown Design Guidelines (currently being updated)
 - Implementation of Great Streets on street frontages adjacent to property
 - B. Determine and develop priorities of the goals of a particular district and use the Density Bonus program to achieve those goals. Density Bonus options that we have reviewed include the following:
 - Affordable and Workforce Housing
 - Open Space and Connectivity
 - Sustainability
 - Civic Art and Cultural Facilities
 - Historic Preservation
 - Sound Mitigation
- 2. Transfer of Development Rights (TDRs)
 - A. Determine the goals of a particular district and use TDRs to achieve those goals. TDRs that we have reviewed include the following:
 - Generation of Open Space
 - Historic Preservation
 - Saving of valuable community features

Implementation

Expand the use of Master Developer Agreements (MDAs) to achieve district goals such as open space, streetscape amenities, affordable housing, density requirements, Density Bonus options, etc. In return, the City would commit to financial assistance or infrastructure. MDAs would set out timelines for provisions.



Memorandum

To:

Parks & Recreation Board Members

From:

Ricardo Soliz, Division Manager

Parks and Recreation Department

Subject:

Design Commission's Density Bonus Task Force Recommendations

Date:

July 20, 2007

Attached is a copy of the recommendations from the Design Commission's Task Force studying the concept of density bonuses for developments in the downtown and inner city areas to increase the acreage devoted to open space. The Design Commission is requesting a formal action from the board on their recommendations.

I have included an initial review of the Park & Recreation Planning & Design staff review of the recommendations for your information.

If you have any questions, you can reach me at 974-6765.

Ricardo Soliz Division Manager Planning, Design & Construction July 10, 2007

Eleanor McKinney, Chair Design Commission

Dear Ms. McKinney:

The Parks & Recreation Department has review the Design Commission's Density Bonus Task Force recommendations and is generally supportive of the spirit behind the recommendations.

In regards to the Fundamental Recommendations to Accommodate Increased Density, PARD is supportive of the philosophy of:

- Coordinating transit planning as a tool to guide density,
- Employing a Systems Development Charges to cover additional basic services.
- Instituting a digital 3-D modeling program to view new developments.
- Providing increases in F.A.R..'s (Floor to Area Ratios) to promote community values & goals.

PARD is also supportive of the Implementing a Density Bonus Process that includes:

- A Density Bonus Program.
- Transferring of Development Rights.
- The expansion of Master Developer Agreements (MDA's) as a tool to achieve district goals, such as providing more open space, affordable housing opportunities.

We look forward to assisting you with defining many of these recommendations in more detail. If I can be of further assistance, you can reach me at 974-6765.

Sincerely,

Ricardo Soliz Division Manager Planning, Design & Construction

Resolution of the Parks & Recreation Board of the City of Austin

WHEREAS the Parks and Recreation Board (Board) of the City of Austin was established to advise the City Manager and the City Council concerning the operation and general welfare of the public parks of the City, and;

WHEREAS the City of Austin and the State of Texas established a number of legally protected view corridors in the early 1980's as the primary mechanism for ensuring continued views of the State Capitol – Austin and the State of Texas' most prized and recognized symbol, and;

WHEREAS a number of corridors established at that time protect views originating from parks located around the City, including Waterloo Park, Wooldridge Square Park, Town Lake Park (from Barton Creek Pedestrian Bridge, Longhorn Shores, and Pleasant Valley at Lakeshore) and the Zilker Park Clubhouse, and;

WHEREAS the Downtown Commission of the City of Austin initiated a review of the view corridors in September of 2006, and recently forwarded a number of recommendations directly to the City Council for consideration, and;

WHEREAS some of the recommendations of the Downtown Commission encourage the elimination or degradation of protected views from various parks, including views currently benefiting Wooldridge Square Park and Town Lake Park, and;

WHEREAS even with the recent scrutiny applied to the corridors, there has been no finding of displaced private development or lost tax base resulting from the corridors, including the corridors protecting views from these public parks;

THEREFORE, BE IT RESOVLED that the Parks & Recreation Board opposes any and all recommended changes to Capitol view corridors that eliminate or degrade views currently benefiting the City's public parks, and;

FURTHER, BE IT RESOLVED that a copy of this Resolution be prepared and provided to the Mayor, the City Council, and the City Manager for their consideration.

Adopted on this,	the	th day of	, 2007
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By the Parks & Recreation Board of the City of Austin.

Linda Guerrero, Chair Parks & Recreation Board

The City work of The Country of the intented Satisfulles for Wooldridge of its Capital View



To:

Parks and Recreation Board

From:

Warren W. Struss, Director

Parks and Recreation Department

Date:

July 24, 2007

Subject:

Two-Slip Boat Dock at 7904 Big View

Case Number SP-06-0481DS

A request has been received from Jeff Walker on the behalf of Gary Smith to revise an approved site plan at 7904 Big View.

The Parks and Recreation Department staff has reviewed plans for the proposed boat dock and finds they do not meet the requirements of Article XIII, Section 25-2-1176, (Regulations for the Construction of Boat Docks) of the Land Development Code. The Proposed two-slip boat dock extends further than 30 feet from the existing shoreline.

Approval of the Parks and Recreation Board is required for structures that extend further than 30 feet from the shoreline

Warren W. Struss, CPRP

Director, Parks and Recreation Department



To:

Parks and Recreation Board

From:

Warren W. Struss, Director

Parks and Recreation Department

Date:

July 24, 2007

Subject:

Austin Country Club Marina Expansion at 4408 Long Champ Dr.

Case Number SP-2007-0287D

A request has been received from Bruce Aupperle to add an additional 18-slips to the existing Austin Country Club marina at 4408 Long Champ Dr.

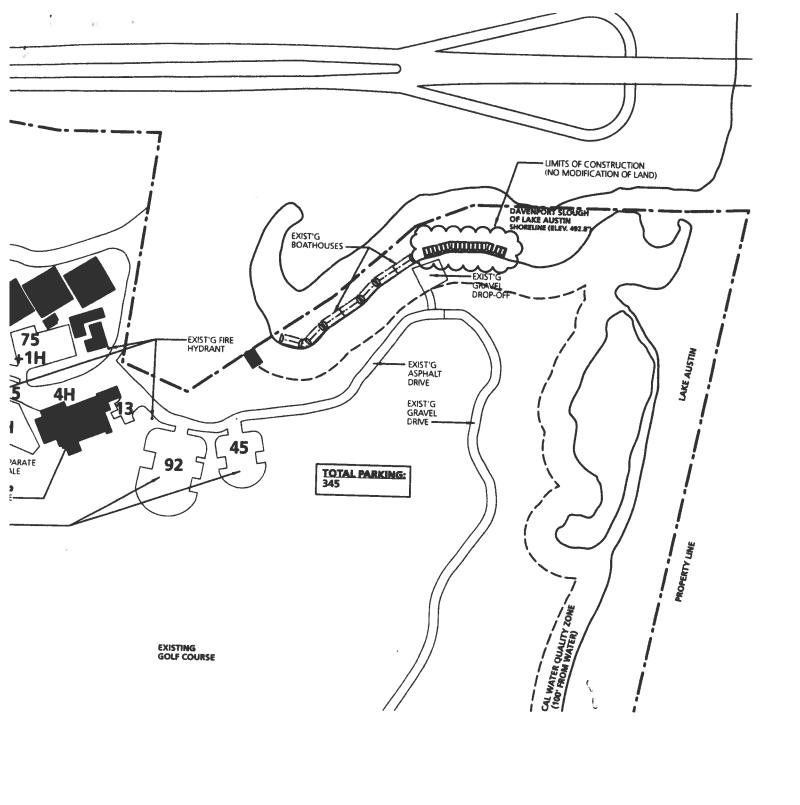
The Parks and Recreation Department staff has reviewed plans for the proposed boat dock and finds they do not meet the requirements of Article XIII, Section 25-2-1176, (Regulations for the Construction of Boat Docks) of the Land Development Code.

Approval of the Parks and Recreation Board is required for the construction of more than

two docks on a single lof.

Warren W. Struss, CPRP

Director, Parks and Recreation Department





To:

Parks and Recreation Board

From:

Warren W. Struss, Director

Parks and Recreation Department

Date:

July 24, 2007

Subject:

Texas Rowing Center Expansion at 1541 W. Cesar Chavez.

A request has been received from Mathew Knifton with the Texas Rowing Center to add and additional 48 feet of dock measured parallel to the shoreline.

The Parks and Recreation Department staff has reviewed plans for the proposed boat dock and finds they meet the requirements of Article XIII, Section 25-2-1176, (Regulations for the Construction of Boat Docks) of the Land Development Code.

The Parks and Recreation Board shall make a recommendation to the Director regarding the Texas Rowing Center's dock expansion.

Warren W. Struss, CPRP

Director, Parks and Recreation Department